

Subject:	Update on Transfer of Houses in Multiple Occupation: Fees and Fixed Penalty Notices
Date:	20 th February 2019
Reporting Officer:	Nigel Grimshaw, Strategic Director of City & Neighbourhood Services
Contact Officer:	Siobhan Toland, Director of City Services Stephen Leonard, Neighbourhood Services Manager, CNS Department

Restricted Reports		
Is this report restricted?	Yes No	x
If Yes, when will the report become unrestricted?		
After Committee Decision		
After Council Decision		
Some time in the future		
Never		
Call-in		

Is the decision eligible for Call-in?	Yes	Х	No		
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1.0	Purpose of Report or Summary of main Issues
1.1	The Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMO) Act NI 2016 received Royal Assent on 12 th May 2016 and is due to be commenced on 1 st April 2019. The Department of Communities (DfC) will also be laying some subordinate Regulations at the same time, one of which is the Houses of Multiple Occupation (Fees) Regulations (NI) 2019. This sets the maximum level of fee for an application for a HMO licence at £45 per person per annum.
1.2	DfC has carried out a stakeholder engagement in relation to the subordinate legislation and the feedback from stakeholders had been fully reviewed. No concerns were raised in that engagement in relation to the maximum fee which is being proposed in the Regulations.

1.3	Whilst the Regulations set a maximum fee level of £45 it is proposed to set the fee at £37 per person per annum which, it is estimated, will allow the service to be provided on a cost neutral basis. The fee will be subject to review after two years by both council officers and DfC.
1.4	This report also provides the Committee with detail regarding the powers available to the Council under the 2016 Act in relation to the enforcement of the HMO licensing regime via the imposition Fixed Penalty Notices.
2.0	Recommendations
2.1	The Committee is asked to:
	 note the update information regarding the fees for the Houses of Multiple Occupation licensing function;
	 agree to set a fee of £37 per person per annum in respect of an application for a HMO licence;
	 agree additional fees for an application to vary a licence, and those for supplying a certified copies from, or of, the register;
	 note the information regarding the use of Fixed Penalty Notices as enforcement functions that are available to the Council under the Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMO) Act NI 2016;
	 agree the value of any fixed penalty notices that may be issued.
3.0	Main report
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	Key Issues Fees Members are reminded that The Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMO) Act NI 2016 received Royal Assent on 12 th May 2016 and is due to be commenced on 1 st April 2019. This will transfer responsibility for regulating HMOs from the Northern Ireland Housing Executive (NIHE) to local district councils. The new scheme will be a licensing scheme which assesses whether the applicant is a fit and proper person to hold a licence. This
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Council to support the implementation of the new licencing scheme, for example training costs and the new ICT system.

- 3.6 Members will note that while the costs of the new scheme are anticipated to remain relatively constant, apart from planned inflationary increases, estimated annual income is not evenly spread across each financial year. The total budget for the new HMO service has thus been established to include income and expenditure over five years, ie the life span of a licence. Years with higher income due to higher numbers of renewals (ie 2019 and 2020) generate an annual surplus, which are off set over the five year budget period against those years where smaller numbers of properties are due to renew and which will thus generate less income (ie 2021, 2022 and 2023).
- 3.7 A new Licencing fee of £37 per person per annum will be required to ensure that the new scheme does not run at a deficit. This represents a 47% increase on the existing registration scheme's fees (i.e. £25/person/annum). However, it should be noted that this this represents an increase of just 98p per person per month, and that there have been no fee increases since the current fee rates were established in 2008.
- 3.8 Tables 1 and 2 (below) demonstrate that from the analysis carried out, over the 5 years 2019 2023, and 2024 -2028, the scheme should be cost neutral to councils and should not require any subsidy.

	Proj	ected surplus/de	eficit for HMO se	ervice 2019 – 202	23	
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Total
Total income	£1,300,984	£1,431,844	£942,774	£926,273	£493,083	£5,094,958
Total expenditure	£979,039	£998,620	£1,018,592	£1,038,964	£1,059,743	£5,094,958
Net deficit/surplus	£321,945	£433,224	(£75,818)	(£112,691)	(£566,660)	£0

Table 1: Estimated budget for the HMO licencing scheme 2019 - 2023

Table 2: Estimated budget for the HMO licencing scheme 2024 - 2028

	Proj	ected surplus/de	eficit for HMO se	ervice 2024 – 202	28	
	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	Total
Total income	£777,947	£1,257,966	£1,548,970	£1,001,229	£1,039,133	£5,625,245
Total expenditure	£1,080,938	£1,102,557	£1,124,608	£1,147,100	£1,170,042	£5,625,245
Net deficit/surplus	(£302,991)	£155,409	£424,362	(£145,871)	(£130,909)	£0

DfC engagement

3.9 On 14 November 2018, the DfC launched a stakeholder engagement, which included the issuing of 2607 letters to landlords and agents registered under the current scheme, and the publication of the new scheme's details on the DfC website. The communication also outlined the new registration fees for the scheme. The engagement closed on 30 November 2018.

3.10 No significant concerns were raised to the DfC by stakeholders in response to the proposed new licensing fee arrangements.

3.11 The level of fee payable per occupant will be £37 per person per year with the full fee payable on renewal. Setting a maximum amount at £45 in the regulations will give councils

	the scope to increase the fee if required to compen- without amendment to subordinate regulation.	sate for any future	deficit in income
3.12	The ongoing financial impacts of the new service w DfC, via a MoU. Further, DfC intend to undertake a the new regime, which will include a review of finan	a review of the serv	
	Variations to a licence		
3.13	As well as the licence fees outlined above, Council cost of variations to a licence. Officers propose the licence (ie \pounds 37 per person per year for 5 years = \pounds 1	following, based of	
	Table 3: proposed licence variation fees		
	Licence variation	S	
	Item	Cost	
	Addition of a new owner or managing agent	£185	
	Addition of a new occupant	£185 for each new o + £75 inspection fee	
	Maximum fee for copy of the HMO Register		
3.14 3.15	The council is also required to set the maximum fee relating to an HMO to any person who falls with sec copy of its register, or of an extract from it, to any st Regulations. Officers have considered the cost for similar copies following:	ction 62(9) of the A atutory authority, f	ct, and a certified or the subordinate
	Table 4: proposed maximum fees for copy of the HI	MO Register	
	Maximum fee for copy of H	MO register	
	Item		Maximum cost
	A certified copy of an entry relating to an HMO to any person section 62(9) of the Act	who falls within	£15
	A certified copy of its register, or of an extract from it, to any s	statutory authority	£15
	Fixed Penalty Notices		
3.16	The Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMO) Act NI 2 enforcement options to be available to the Council, Penalty Notices (FPN).		
3.17	A fixed penalty notice ("FPN") is a notice giving the any liability to conviction for an offence, by paying a period.		
3.18	Section 64-66 of the 2016 Act gives councils the po tend to be conferred in respect of lower level offend		penalty notices which

- 3.19 Members should note the issuing of a notice is an alternative to prosecuting the offender, in instances where an authorised officer, following an investigation, has reason to believe that a person has committed an offence under any of the relevant provisions, and there are grounds for instituting proceedings for an offence.
- 3.20 Section 64 of the 2016 Act lists the offences and maximum amount of the FPN's. These are included Appendix 1. The 2016 Act states that the amount for each fixed penalty notice 'is to be determined by the council'.
- 3.21 In March 2014, following a report on the Landlord Registration Scheme, Council agreed that FPN in the scheme should be set at the maximum levels specified in the legislation, see table 4:

Table 5:

Offence	Criminal penalty	FPN
Failure of a landlord to register	£2,500	£500
Landlord found guilty of providing false information	£2,500	£500
Landlord fails to provide evidence of registration	£500	£100

3.22 On this basis, officers are recommending that the fixed penalty levels for the offences under the new HMO (NI) Act 2016 are set on the same basis. These are detailed in Appendix 1.

Financial and Resource Implications

3.23 Regarding the fees, it is anticipated that the new HMO licencing scheme transferring from NIHE will remain cost neutral to councils given the increase in fees outlined above. As noted, the number of HMO applications to the new scheme will not be even, year by year. This therefore gives peaks and troughs in income. However, over a five year period the income offsets the expenditure meaning that this service will be cost neutral to the council.

3.24 Regarding the Fixed Penalty Notices, given the inherent difficulties in projecting the variation in the income that may be derived from this source, it has not been possible to accurately determine how much income might be received from these enforcement actions, and any attempts to quantify such income is deemed speculative and variable. Given this, fixed penalty income has not been included in the revenue estimates for the first five years of the scheme. It is currently envisaged that income from enforcement action will be re-invested back into the scheme, for example, on education related activities.

Equality or Good Relations Implications/Rural Needs Assessment

3.25 There are no equality, good relations or rural needs implications associated with this re	3.25	3.2	3.4	.25	I nere are no equal	ity, good relation	is or rural needs	s implications	associated v	vith this repo
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4.0	Appendices	
	The Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMO) Act NI 2016, Fixed Penalty Notices and Criminal Penalties Table.	

Appendix 1

The Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMO) Act NI 2016 Proposed Fixed Penalty Notice Fines

No.	Offence	Relevant Section	Maximum FPN	Maximum Penalty
1	Unlicensed HMO: Agent	30(1)	£5,000	£20,000
2	Unlicensed HMO: Owner	30(2)	£5,000	£20,000
3	Unlicensed HMO: Owner instructs agent to let as HMO	30(3)	£2,500	£10,000
4	Breach of occupancy condition	31(1)	£5,000	£20,000
5	Breach of licence conditions: owner/agent	31 (2)	£2,500	£10,000
6	Breach of licence conditions: person not named on licence	31(3)	£2,500	£10,000
7	Person represents HMO as licensed when it is not	32	£2,500	£10,000
8	Agent operating but not named on licence - other	33(1)	£2,500	£10,000
9	Agent operating but not named on licence - owner	33(2)	£2,500	£10,000
10	Failure to comply with rectification notice	37(1)	£2,500	£10,000
11	Failure to comply with information notice	49	£200	£500
12	Contravention of overcrowding notice	60(1)	£5,000	£20,000
13	Contravention of occupancy requirement of suitability notice	60(2)	£5,000	£20,000
14	Uses or permits use of HMO subject to a hazard notice	60(4)	£5,000	£20,000
15	Refusal to provide information under 68 & 70	75	£200	£500
16	Owner fails to complete works specified in hazard notice	60(6)	£500	£1,000
17	Obstruction whilst seeking entry (without or with a warrant)	80(5)	£500	£1,000
18	Obstruction of person complying with a rectification notice	82 (4)	£500	£1,000

19	Obstruction of works needed under with Part 4 notices, TENs & rectification notices	81(4)	£500	£1,000
20	Providing false or misleading information	Para 14, Schedule 2	£200	£500
21	Unlawful occupation	Para 8, Schedule 3	£500	£1,000